

TSUZUKI DENKI

ANNUAL REPORT 2009

Year ended March 31, 2009

TO OUR SHAREHOLDERS

(Greetings from Shuichi Torigata, President and Representative Director)

It is my pleasure to have this opportunity to express our gratitude to all of our shareholders for your understanding and support.

Tsuzuki Denki Co., Ltd. is pleased to present the 69th term (from April 1, 2008 to March 31, 2009) business report to you.

During the term under review, uncertainty about the future of the Japanese economy further increased. Corporate performance, particularly in export-oriented industries, weakened markedly due to soaring resource prices from the first half of the period and the effects of the worldwide financial crisis and violent exchange fluctuations in the second half.

In the information technology (IT) sector in which the Group operates, customers reduced capital expenditure in response to the economic downturn. The downward trend in the prices of personal computers and servers for corporations was accelerated by intensifying competition among domestic solution providers and global enterprises. Demand for semiconductors plummeted.

As a result, both sales and profit of the Group declined from the year-ago level during the term under review. The Group posted net sales of ¥99,549.84 million, down 8.6% from the previous year, operating income of ¥2,401.73 million, down 22.1%, ordinary income of ¥2,638.88 million, down 24.9%, and net income of ¥812.78 million, down 37.8%.

We have decided to pay a year-end dividend of ¥4 per share for the term (an annual dividend of ¥8 including an interim dividend).

We will continue to strive to reform our business model and to contribute to the development of information networks by providing productive services and systems to our customers.

To contribute to customers' businesses, we aim to grow with our customers as an invaluable partner.

We greatly appreciate your ongoing support and encouragement.

(1) Business Review and Results

During the term under review, the Japanese economy contracted significantly in the face of a worldwide financial crisis, violent exchange rate fluctuations, and soaring prices of resources. The situation had a major impact on customers' motivation for capital investment.

In the IT sector in which the Group operates, competition among domestic solutions providers and global companies intensified, and accelerated the downward trend in prices of personal computers and servers for corporations. Given the circumstances, IT companies were required to urgently reform their existing business models. The electronic devices sector declined more than expected due to rapid production and inventory adjustments in the second half of last year.

Responding to the challenging environment, the Group provided high value-added solutions from the perspective of customers to meet their needs.

As a result, the Group recorded net sales of ¥99,549.84 million, a decrease of 8.6% from the previous year,

operating income of ¥2,401.73, a decline of 22.1%, and ordinary income of ¥2,638.88 million, a fall of 24.9%. The Group posted a loss on the sale of investment securities and a write-down loss on investment securities. Consequently, the Group posted net income of ¥812.78 million, a decrease of 37.8%.

Information Network Systems

In our network solution services, the performance of the platform business, especially IP telephony, remained strong. Demand was favorable for the building of corporate network infrastructure especially with existing customers in the fields of precision machinery, chemicals, healthcare products, engineering, financial operations, railroads, and electric power.

We will begin operations in the field of Unified Communication*¹, where we expect market expansion, and will expand demand by acquiring new technologies.

In system integration services, we have provided solutions for customers especially in the distribution, food, and medical and healthcare industries.

Through proposals for the building of IT infrastructure, we remained focused on developing operations for customers such as manufacturers and local authorities. We differentiated ourselves from our competitors by developing unique solutions, including cinema, market, real estate, and production management systems, areas in which we excel.

We provided services including IT operational support and life cycle management (LCM)*² to expand our businesses.

The sale of products such as personal computers and servers was difficult because of declines in the unit prices of orders caused by intensifying competition.

As a result, sales in the information network systems segment were ¥73,044.74 million, down 5.3% from the previous year, while operating income decreased 8.1% to ¥2,218.69 million.

Electronic Devices

The business environment of the semiconductor sector was very difficult. Although capital investment in infrastructure remained solid, especially in Asia, in the first half of the fiscal year, manufacturers significantly adjusted production and inventory in the second half with the sharp deterioration in market conditions.

In the electronics sector, 3.5-inch HDDs manufactured overseas contributed to the business for audio visual equipment. Meanwhile, demand for 3.5-inch HDDs for corporations plunged with curbs on capital investment by companies in association with the economic slowdown. The situation of 2.5-inch HDDs was also difficult because of intensifying price competition.

As a result, sales in this segment were ¥23,864.26 million, down 18.9% from the previous year, and operating income declined 76.9% to ¥130.63 million.

Others

With the air conditioning industry reaching maturity, and new orders weak, market conditions in the environment-

related sector remained harsh, and the air conditioning industry struggled. Although we developed a deodorization business as a new sector and began negotiating large orders, the situation generally remained severe.

In the field of environment-related, measurement and control devices, demand for high added-value measurement and control devices was favorable, but the performance of general-purpose electric components was poor, reflecting production adjustments made by manufacturers.

In the temporary staffing services sector, maintaining the employment of temporary staff was very difficult because of a sharp worsening of the employment environment, but we managed to record strong performance figures as a result of our efforts to develop new client companies and maintain temporary staffing numbers.

As a result, sales for other business segments were ¥2,640.83 million, up 12.9% from the previous year, and operating income declined 60.8% to ¥36.23 million.

*1 Unified Communication

A next-generation communication style in which voice, e-mail, images, and faxes are organically integrated.

*2 Life cycle management (LCM)

An outsourcing service for operations covering the overall life cycle, especially operations and management, but ranging from procurement and implementation to removal and disposal.

(2) Key Issues to be Addressed

The scope of application of IT continues to expand as IT permeates every aspect of the world. People's expectations of business reforms through IT solutions are also increasing.

In such circumstances, the Group will strive every day to contribute to a comfortable and safe network society as an indispensable partner for customers.

However, sales of the Group have been declining in recent years. To address these issues, we plan the following initiatives:

Marketing Strategy

With the advent of cloud computing, a paradigm shift (change of perspective) is taking place in IT, from ownership to use. In these circumstances, we will create a new business model to respond to the rapidly changing market.

We will provide solution services to our customers to enhance corporate value in a timely manner, proposing solutions that will contribute to cost cutting and bolstering our ability to provide support.

We will improve business efficiency by expanding easy-order solutions using our own template consisting of our business system's expertise and skills developed through many years of experience. Through synergy within the Group, we will provide high value-added products and services.

Enhancing Our Educational Environment

Recognizing that the training of personnel, our Group's greatest asset, is a critical issue, we will continue to develop our educational environment. We will improve our educational programs to cultivate professionals who have both technical capabilities and the ability to make proposals in specific industrial, operational, and technological fields.

Bolstering Internal Controls

To respond to changes in the business environment, we need to focus on substantial management reforms and innovations. To this end, we will appropriately handle operational risks relating to the visualization of processes, the reliability of financial statements, and security and access control.

We will carefully protect and manage every piece of information relating to our operations in compliance with the Personal Information Protection Act and other relevant laws and regulations.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

As of March 31, 2009 and 2008

	Millions of Yen		Thousands of U.S. Dollars
	2009	2008	2009
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash at hand and in banks	¥14,551	¥14,360	\$148,087
Trade receivables:			
Accounts and notes	23,001	27,195	234,083
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(43)	(16)	(438)
Net trade receivables	22,958	27,179	233,645
Inventories	5,651	6,649	57,511
Deferred tax assets	1,124	1,248	11,439
Other current assets	1,034	684	10,523
Total current assets	45,319	50,121	461,215
Property, plant and equipment:			
Land	2,380	2,385	24,221
Building and structures	967	982	9,841
Lease assets	508	—	5,170
Construction in progress	40	72	407
Others	125	176	1,272
Total property, plant and equipment	4,023	3,616	40,942
Intangible assets:			
Goodwill	71	—	723
Lease assets	182	—	1,852
Others	338	491	3,440
Total intangible assets	592	491	6,025
Investments and other assets:			
Investments in securities	4,820	6,269	49,054
Long-term loans	149	123	1,516
Long-term time deposits	5,100	3,900	51,903
Deferred tax assets	2,737	2,234	27,855
Other	1,950	2,160	19,845
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(389)	(376)	(3,959)
Total investments and other assets	14,369	14,312	146,234
Total assets	¥64,305	¥68,541	\$654,437

Notes: (1) The U.S. dollar amounts represent translation of Japanese yen at the rate of ¥98.26=\$1.00 on March 31, 2009.

(2) Certain reclassifications of previously reported amounts have been made to conform with the current presentation.

	Millions of Yen		Thousands of U.S. Dollars
	2009	2008	2009
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Short-term bank loans	¥ 6,229	¥ 6,289	\$ 63,393
Current portion of long-term debt	970	1,230	9,872
Trade payables	13,782	18,345	140,261
Accrued employees' bonuses	2,113	2,032	21,504
Lease obligations	184	—	1,873
Allowance for loss on orders	34	—	346
Income taxes payable	885	502	9,007
Other current liabilities	2,898	3,671	29,493
Total current liabilities	27,098	32,070	275,779
Long-term liabilities:			
Long-term debt	2,290	2,470	23,306
Lease obligations	542	—	5,516
Deferred tax liabilities	1	2	10
Accrued retirement benefits	4,229	3,723	43,039
Provision for directors' retirement benefits	355	280	3,613
Negative goodwill	139	8	1,415
Other long-term liabilities	5	5	51
Total long-term liabilities	7,563	6,490	76,969
Net Assets:			
Shareholders' equity:			
Common stock: par value ¥50			
Authorized: 98,920,000 shares			
Issued: 25,387,802 shares	9,812	9,812	99,858
Additional paid-in capital	3,476	3,476	35,376
Retained earnings	10,763	10,152	109,536
Treasury stock	(1,009)	(931)	(10,269)
Total shareholders' equity	23,043	22,510	234,510
Valuation and translation adjustments:			
Net unrealized holding gains on other securities	130	482	1,323
Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries	6,469	6,987	65,836
Total net assets	29,643	29,980	301,679
Total liabilities and net assets	¥64,305	¥68,541	\$654,437

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the years ended March 31, 2009 and 2008

	Millions of Yen		Thousands of U.S. Dollars
	2009	2008	2009
I . Cash flows from operating activities:			
Income before income taxes and minority interests	¥ 1,918	¥ 3,232	\$ 19,520
Depreciation and amortization	286	229	2,911
Decrease (increase) in allowances	775	(1,684)	7,887
Impairment loss	—	30	—
Decrease in trade receivables	4,233	4,941	43,080
Decrease in inventories	997	1,195	10,147
Decrease (increase) in trade payables	(4,562)	(3,704)	(46,428)
Other	(101)	(114)	(1,028)
Sub-total	3,549	4,126	36,118
Interest and dividends received	188	357	1,913
Interest paid	(185)	(170)	(1,883)
Income taxes paid	(811)	(1,108)	(8,254)
Other	41	(881)	417
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,782	2,322	28,313
II . Cash flows from investing activities:			
Payments for purchases of property, plant and equipment	(829)	(225)	(8,437)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	576	746	5,862
Payments for purchases of investment securities	(219)	(2,005)	(2,229)
Proceeds from sales of investment securities	259	1,568	2,636
Other proceeds	308	1,580	3,135
Other payments	(1,597)	(2,384)	(16,253)
Net cash provided by investing activities	(1,502)	(719)	(15,286)
III. Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from short-term bank loans	80	496	814
Disbursements for repayments of short-term bank loans	(140)	(1,935)	(1,425)
Proceeds from long-term debt	—	1,600	—
Repayments on redemption of long-term debt	(440)	(808)	(4,478)
Other payments	(589)	(1,176)	(5,994)
Net cash provided by financing activities	(1,089)	(1,823)	(11,083)
IV. Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	190	(221)	1,934
V . Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	14,263	14,484	145,156
VI. Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	¥14,453	¥14,263	\$147,089

Note: The U.S. dollar amounts represent translation of Japanese yen at the rate of ¥98.26=\$1.00 on March 31, 2009.

CORPORATE DATA

As of March 31, 2009

Name:	TSUZUKI DENKI CO., LTD.
Head Office:	19-15, Shinbashi 6-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo 105-8665
Established:	May 1, 1932
Capital:	¥9,812,930,540
Number of Employees:	1,173

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

As of June 26, 2009

Directors

Shuichi Torigata*	President
Kangi Okamoto	Senior Managing Director
Hajime Ando	Managing Director
Yoshio Takeuchi	Managing Director
Toshihisa Mizushima	Managing Director
Akira Furukawa	Director
Kazunori Yoshii	Director
Toshiya Mukohda	Director

*Representative Director

Kazuhiro Shimura	Director
Hideki Hiura	Director
Isao Emori	Director

Auditors

Yoshinari Uchida	Standing Statutory Auditor
Kinjiro Shishido	Statutory Auditor
Kimihiko Tada	Statutory Auditor

MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS

As of March 31, 2009

Name	Number of shares held	Percentage of shares in issue
1. Fujitsu Limited	2,402,235	9.46%
2. Goldman Sachs International	1,862,000	7.33%
3. Employees' Stockholding	1,093,170	4.31%
4. The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.	1,037,907	4.09%
5. Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	751,215	2.96%
6. Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	525,607	2.07%
7. Hiroyoshi Shinya	462,000	1.82%
8. CBNY DFA INTL Cap Value Portfolio	376,000	1.48%
9. UNIMAT LIFE CORPORATION	360,000	1.42%
10. MARUKYU CO., LTD.	352,000	1.39%

PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

Subsidiaries (consolidated)

Tsuzuki Densan Co., Ltd.	Sales of semiconductors, electronic components, and personal computer equipment
Tsuzuki Techno Service Co., Ltd.	Maintenance of computers and office automation equipment
Tsuzuki Software Co., Ltd.	Design of software
Tsuzuki Amenity Co., Ltd.	Sales and installation of air conditioning equipment

BRANCHES AND OFFICES

As of March 31, 2009

Branches:	Hokkaido, Kanagawa, Nagoya, Kyoto, Osaka, Kobe, Takamatsu, Kyushu
Offices:	Asahikawa, Muroran, Tohoku, Mito, Tsukuba, Chiba, Omiya, Kawasaki, Kofu, Shizuoka, Hamamatsu, Toyota, Ogaki, Okayama, Hiroshima, Tokushima, Matsuyama, Kochi

 **TSUZUKI DENKI CO., LTD.**